

PROPOSED
ORDINANCE NO. 05-17

ORDINANCE NO. _____

AN ORDINANCE
TO BE ENTITLED:

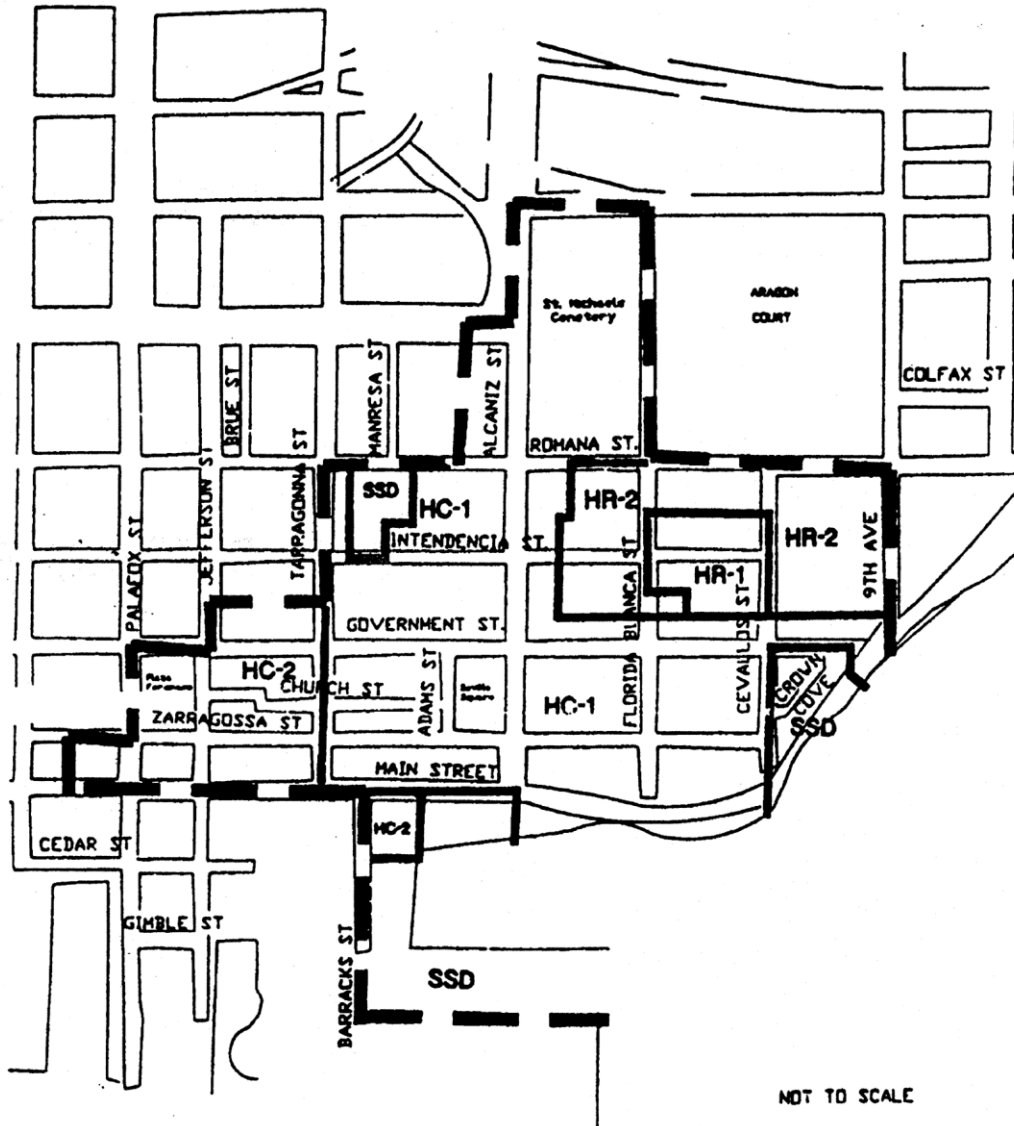
AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 12-2-10 (A) (4) (f) OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF PENSACOLA; AMENDING THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, HISTORIC & PRESERVATION LAND USE DISTRICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; REPEALING CLAUSE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF PENSACOLA, FLORIDA:

SECTION 1. Section 12-2-10 (A) (4) (f) of the Code of the City of Pensacola, Florida, is hereby amended to read:

Sec. 12-2-10 (A) (4) (f). - Historic and preservation land use district.

The regulations in this section shall be applicable to the Pensacola Historic District, the North Hill Preservation District and the Old East Hill Preservation District: HR-1, HR-2, HC-1, HC-2, PR-1AAA, PR-2, PC-1, OEHR-2, OEHC-1, OEHC-2 and OEHC-3.



(A) *Historic zoning districts: HR-1, HR-2, HC-1 and HC-2.*

- (1) *Purpose.* The historic zoning districts are established to preserve the development pattern and distinctive architectural character of the district through the restoration of existing buildings and construction of compatible new buildings. The official listing of the Pensacola Historic District (which includes all areas designated as historic zoning districts) on the National Register of Historic Places and the authority of the architectural review board reinforce this special character.

Zoning regulations are intended to ensure that future development is compatible with and enhances the pedestrian scale of the existing structures and period architectural character of the districts.

- (2) *Character of the district.* The Historic District is characterized by lots with narrow street frontage (based on the original British city plan, c. 1765), and the concentration of Frame Vernacular, Folk Victorian and Creole homes which date from the early 19th Century and form a consistent architectural edge along the street grid. These buildings and historic sites and their period architecture make the district unique and worthy of continuing preservation efforts. The district is an established business area, residential neighborhood and tourist attraction, containing historic sites and museums, a variety of specialty retail shops, restaurants, small offices, and residences.
- (3) *Uses permitted.*
 - (a) HR-1, one- and two-family.
 1. Single-family and two-family (duplex) dwellings.
 2. Libraries, community centers and buildings used exclusively by the federal, state, county or city government for public purposes.
 3. Churches, Sunday school buildings and parish houses.
 4. Home occupations allowing: Not more than sixty (60) percent of the floor area of the total buildings on the lot to be used for a home occupation; Retail sales shall be allowed, limited to uses listed as conditional uses in subsection (b)6., below; Two (2) nonfamily members shall be allowed as employees in the home occupation; and a sign for the business not to exceed three (3) square feet shall be allowed.
 5. Publicly owned or operated parks and playgrounds.
 6. Community residential homes licensed by the Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with six (6) or fewer residents providing that it is not to be located within one thousand (1,000) feet of another such home. If it is proposed to be within one thousand (1,000) feet of another such home, measured from property line to property line, it shall be permitted with city council approval after public notification of property owners in a five-hundred-foot radius.
 7. Bed and breakfast subject to regulations in section 12-2-55.
 8. Conditional uses permitted:
 - a. Single-family attached dwellings (townhouses).
 - b. Multiple-family dwellings.
 9. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to any of the above uses, including storage garages, when located on the same lot and not involving the conduct of business.

10. Family day care homes licensed by the Florida Department of Children and Family Services as defined in the Florida Statutes.
- (b) HR-2, multiple family and office.
1. Any use permitted in the HR-1 district, including conditional uses.
 2. Boarding and lodging houses.
 3. Offices under five thousand (5,000) square feet.
 4. Community residential homes licensed by the Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with seven (7) to fourteen (14) residents providing that it is not to be located within one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another such home in a multifamily district, and that the home is not within five hundred (500) feet of a single-family zoning district. If it is proposed to be within one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another such home in a multifamily district, measured from property line to property line, and/or within five hundred (500) feet of a single-family zoning district, measured from property line to district line, it shall be permitted with city council approval after public notification of property owners in a five-hundred-foot radius.
 5. Childcare facilities subject to regulations in section 12-2-58.
 6. Conditional use permitted:

The following uses limited to a maximum area of 3,000 square feet:

 - a. Antique shops.
 - b. Bakeries whose products are sold at retail and only on the premises.
 - c. Grocery stores.
 - d. Barbershops and beauty parlors.
 - e. Laundromats, including dry-cleaning pick-up stations.
 - f. Clothing and fabric shops.
 - g. Studios.
 - h. Vending machines when an accessory to a business establishment and located in the same building as the business.
 - i. Small appliance repair shops.
 - j. Floral gardens and shops.
 - k. Hand craft shops for custom work or making custom items not involving noise, odor, or chemical waste.
 - l. Secondhand stores.
 - m. Specialty shops.
 7. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to any of the above uses, including storage garages, when located on the same lot.

(c) HC-1, historical commercial district:

1. Any use permitted in the HR-2 district, including the conditional uses, with no size limitations.
2. Small appliance repair shops.
3. Marinas.
4. Restaurants (except drive-ins).
5. Motels.
6. Commercial parking lots.
7. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to any of the above uses, including storage garages, when located on the same lot.

(d) HC-2, historical commercial district:

1. Any use permitted in the HR-1 district.
2. Private clubs and lodges except those operated as commercial enterprises.
3. Health clubs, spas and exercise centers.
4. Tavern, lounges, nightclubs, cocktail bars.
5. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to any of the above uses, including storage garages, when located on the same lot.
6. Adult entertainment establishments subject to the requirements of Chapter 7-3 of this Code when located within the dense business area as defined in Chapter 12-14, Definitions.

(4) *Procedure for review.*

- (a) Review and approval by the architectural review board: All activities regulated by this subsection shall be subject to review and approval by the architectural review board as established in section 12-13-3. The board shall adopt written rules and procedures for abbreviated review for paint colors, minor repairs and minor deviations in projects already approved by the board. This process may authorize the board to designate one of its members to undertake such abbreviated review without the necessity for review by the entire board, provided, however, such abbreviated review process shall require review by the staff of West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc. If agreement cannot be reached as it pertains to such request for abbreviated review by the board designee and West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc. staff, then the matter will be referred to the entire board for a decision.

(b) Decisions.

1. General consideration. The board shall consider plans for existing buildings based on their classification as contributing, non-contributing or modern infill as depicted on the map entitled "Pensacola Historic District" adopted herein, and shall review these plans based on regulations described herein for each of these building classifications. In their review of plans for both existing buildings and new construction, the board shall consider exterior design and appearance of the

building, including the front, sides, rear and roof; materials, textures and colors; plot plans or site layout, including features such as walls, walks, terraces, off-street paved areas, plantings, accessory buildings, signs and other appurtenances; and relation of the building to immediate surroundings and to the district in which it is located or to be located. The term "exterior" shall be deemed to include all of the outer surfaces of the building and exterior site work, including painting, and is not restricted to those exteriors visible from a public street or place. The board shall consider requests for design materials, alterations or additions, construction methods, paint colors or any other elements regulated herein, which do not meet the regulations as established in this subsection, when documentary proof in the form of photographs, property surveys, indication of structural foundations, drawings, descriptive essays and similar evidence can be provided. The board shall not consider interior design or plan. The board shall not exercise any control over land use or construction standards such as are controlled by this chapter and Chapter 7-13.

2. Rules governing decisions. Before approving the plans for any proposed building located or to be located in a district, the board shall find:
 - a. In the case of a proposed alteration or addition to an existing building, that such alteration or addition will not impair the architectural or historic value of the building.
 - b. In the case of a proposed new building, that such building will not, in itself or by reason of its location on the site, impair the architectural or historic value of buildings on adjacent sites or in the immediate vicinity. No plans for new building will be approved if that building will be injurious to the general visual character of the district in which it is to be located considering visual compatibility standards such as height, proportion, shape, scale, style, materials and colors.
 3. No provision of this section shall be interpreted to prevent the restoration or reconstruction of any historic building or feature (as listed by the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board) in its original style, dimensions or position on its original structural foundation.
- (c) Plan submission: Every activity which requires plans in order to erect, construct, demolish, renovate or alter an exterior of a building, sign or exterior site work, located or to be located in the historic zoning districts shall be accompanied with drawings or sketches. All drawings must be drawn to scale and be legible. The minimum size scale for site plans is 1" = 30'0"; the minimum scale for floor plans is 1/8" = 1'0"; and the minimum scale for exterior elevations is 1/8" = 1'0". The scale for other items, such as signs and details, shall be as large as necessary to fully define the detail of those items. Major projects with very large buildings may vary from the scale referenced above for ease of presentation.
1. Site plan:
 - a. Indicate overall property dimensions and building size and location on the property.

- b. Indicate relationship of adjacent buildings, if any.
 - c. Indicate layout of all driveways and parking on the site.
 - d. Indicate all fences, and signs with dimensions as required to show exact locations.
 - e. Indicate existing trees and existing and new landscaping.
2. Floor plan:
- a. Indicate locations and sizes of all exterior doors and windows.
 - b. Indicate all porches, steps, ramps and handrails.
 - c. For renovations or additions to existing buildings, indicate all existing conditions and features as well as the revised conditions and features and the relationship of both.
3. Exterior elevations:
- a. Indicate all four (4) elevations of the exterior of the building.
 - b. Indicate the relationship of this project to adjacent structures, if any.
 - c. Indicate exposed foundation walls, including the type of material, screening, dimensions, and architectural elements.
 - d. Indicate exterior wall materials, including type of materials, dimensions, architectural elements and color.
 - e. Indicate exterior windows and doors, including type, style, dimensions, materials, architectural elements, trim, and colors.
 - f. Indicate all porches, steps, and ramps, including type of materials, dimensions, architectural elements and color.
 - g. Indicate all porch, stair, and ramp railings, including type of material, dimensions, architectural elements, trim, and color.
 - h. Indicate roofs, including type of material, dimensions, architectural elements, associated trims and flashing, and color.
 - i. Indicate all signs, whether they are built mounted or freestanding, including material, style, architectural elements, size and type of letters, and color. The signs must be drawn to scale in accurate relationship to the building and the site.
4. Miscellaneous:
- a. Show enlarged details of any special features of either the building or the site that cannot be clearly depicted in any of the above-referenced drawings.
- (d) Submission of photographs.
1. Renovations/additions to existing buildings:
- a. Provide at least four (4) overall photographs per building so that all sides are clearly shown. In addition, photographs depicting the "streetscape" —

that is, the immediate vicinity and all adjacent buildings — should be supplied.

- b. If doors and/or windows are to be modified, provide a photograph of each door to be changed and at least one representative photograph of the type of window to be altered and replaced.
 - c. Provide any additional photographs as required to show specific details of any site or building conditions that will be altered or modified in any way by the proposed construction.
2. New construction:
- a. Provide photographs of the site for the proposed new construction in sufficient quantity to indicate all existing site features, such as trees, fences, sidewalks, driveways, and topography.
 - b. Provide photographs of the adjoining "streetscape," including adjacent buildings to indicate the relationship of the new construction to these adjacent properties.
- (e) Submission of descriptive product literature/brochures:
1. Provide samples, photographs, or detailed, legible product literature on all windows, doors and shutters proposed for use in the project. The information must be sufficiently detailed to show style, dimensions, detailing, material type, and color.
 2. Provide descriptive literature, samples, or photographs showing specific detailed information about signs and letters, if necessary to augment or clarify information shown on the drawings. The information must be sufficiently detailed to show style, dimensions, detailing, material type, and color.
 3. Provide samples or descriptive literature on roofing material and trip to augment the information on the drawings. The information must indicate dimensions, details, material, color and style.
 4. Provide samples or literature on any exterior light fixtures or other exterior ornamental features, such as wrought iron, railings, columns, posts, balusters, and newels. Indicate size, style, material, detailing and color.
- (f) Conceptual approval is permitted by the Board only when the applicant specifies on their application that is the approval they are seeking. Conceptual approval applications shall be complete with the exception of final details such as material and color selections. Conceptual approval by the Board does not permit the issuance of a building permit.
- (5) *Regulations and guidelines for any development within the historic zoning districts.* These regulations and guidelines are intended to address the design and construction of elements common to any development within the Historic District which requires review and approval by the architectural review board. Regulations and guidelines which relate specifically to new construction and/or structural rehabilitation and repair to existing

buildings, applicable to building heights, setbacks, architectural elements and construction types, are established in paragraphs (6) through (8) below. Illustrations, photographs and descriptive examples of many of the design elements described in this subsection can be found in the document prepared by the Florida Northwest Chapter of the American Institute of Architects entitled "Seville Historic District Guideline Study."

- (a) Building height limit. No building shall exceed the following height limit established by zone: HR-1 (one- and two-family), HR-2 (multiple-family), HC-1 (historic commercial), HC-2 (historic commercial)—thirty-five (35) feet.
 - 1. Bayfront Parkway setback/height requirement. The following height/setback requirement shall be observed along Bayfront Parkway between Tarragona Street and 9th Avenue (Setback distance measured from northern right-of-way line) to create a scenic open space image along the parkway.

Building height	Building setback
20 feet	20 feet
25 feet	25 feet
30 feet	30 feet
35 feet (Maximum height)	35 feet

- (b) Protection of trees. It is the intent of this section to recognize the contribution of shade trees and certain flowering trees to the overall character of the historic zoning districts and to ensure the preservation of such trees as described below:
 - 1. Any of the following "specimen tree" species having a minimum trunk diameter of eight (8) inches (twenty-five and one-tenths (25.1) inches in circumference) at a height of one (1) foot above grade: Live Oak, Water Oak, Pecan, and Magnolia having a minimum trunk diameter of six (6) inches (eighteen and eight-tenths (18.8) inches in circumference) at a height of one (1) foot above grade, and;
 - 2. Any of the following flowering trees with a minimum trunk diameter of four (4) inches (twelve and fifty-five one hundredths (12.55) inches in circumference) at a height of one (1) foot above grade: Redbud, Dogwood, and Crape Myrtle.

No person, organization, society, association or corporation, or any agent or representative thereof, directly or indirectly, shall cut down, destroy, undertake tree removal, or effectively destroy through damaging, any specimen or flowering tree, whether it be on private property or right-of-way within the district, without first having obtained a permit from the department of leisure services to do so. Refer to section 12-6-7 for tree removal permit application procedures and guidelines.

- (c) Fences. The majority of original fences in the Historic District were constructed of wood with a paint finish in many varying ornamental designs. To a lesser extent,

fences may have been constructed of brick or wrought iron. The style of the fence and the materials used typically related directly to the style and type of materials used for the building on the property.

All developments in the historic zoning districts shall comply with fence regulations as established in section 12-2-40(A) through (D), applicable to maximum heights permitted. In addition, the following provisions apply:

1. Chain-link, concrete block and barbed-wire are prohibited fence materials in the Historic District. Approved materials will include but not necessarily be limited to wood, brick, stone and wrought iron.
 2. All wood or wrought iron fences shall be painted if the principal building is painted. Wood fences shall be constructed utilizing one of a variety of "picket" designs, especially a design which will reflect details similar to those on the building. It is recommended that the use of wrought iron or brick fences be constructed in conjunction with buildings which use masonry materials in their construction.
- (d) Signs. Those few signs that may have originally been used in the Historic District, including those which were used in the commercial areas, were typically smaller in scale than many signs in current use. Ordinarily, their style was complementary to the style of the building on the property. The support structure and trim work on a sign was typically ornamental, as well as functional.

Refer to sections 12-4-2 and 12-4-3 for general sign standards and criteria and for a description of sign area calculations. In addition to the prohibited signs listed below, all signs listed in section 12-4-7 are prohibited within the Historic District. The design, color scheme and materials of all signs shall be subject to approval by the architectural review board. All official signs within the District will be authorized, created, erected and maintained by the city of Pensacola or the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board using as their guide the document entitled "A Uniform System for Official Signs in the Seville Square Historical District." This document also includes recommendations for and descriptive drawings of commercial signs appropriate to the district.

1. Permitted signs.
 - a. Temporary accessory signs.
 - One (1) non-illuminated sign advertising the sale, lease, or rental of the lot or building, said sign not exceeding six (6) square feet in area.
 - One (1) non-illuminated sign not more than fifty (50) square feet in area in connection with new construction work and displayed only during such time as the actual construction work is in progress.
 - b. Permanent accessory signs.
 - One (1) sign per lot per street frontage for churches, schools, apartment buildings, boarding or lodging houses, libraries, community centers, commercial buildings (including retail and office buildings) or historic sites

serving as identification and/or bulletin boards not to exceed twelve (12) square feet in area and having a maximum height of eight (8) feet, provided, however that signs projecting from a building or extending over public property shall maintain a clear height of nine (9) feet six (6) inches above the public property and shall not exceed a height of twelve (12) feet six (6) inches. The sign may be mounted to the face of a wall of the building, hung from a bracket that is mounted to a wall of a building, hung from other ornamental elements on the building, or may be freestanding. Attached or wall signs may be placed on the front or one (1) side of the building. The sign may be illuminated provided the source of light is not visible beyond the property line of the lot on which the sign is located.

- One (1) non-illuminated nameplate designating the name of the occupant of the property; the nameplate shall not be larger than three (3) square feet and shall be attached flat against the wall of the building.

- Municipal or state installed directional signs, historical markers and other signs of a general public interest when approved by the mayor and board.

2. Prohibited signs.

a. Any sign using plastic materials for lettering or background.

b. Internally illuminated signs.

c. Portable signs.

d. Nonaccessory signs.

(e) Screening. The following uses must be screened from adjoining property and from public view with fencing and/or landscaping or a combination of the two (2) approved by the board:

1. Parking lots.

2. Dumpsters or trash handling areas.

3. Service entrances or utility facilities.

4. Loading docks or spaces.

(f) Landscaping. Within the original Historic District development, the majority of each site not covered by a building was typically planted in trees, shrubbery or ground cover. No formal landscape style has been found to predominate in the district. The following regulations apply for landscaping:

1. Within the front yard setback the use of grass, ground cover or shrubs is required and trees are encouraged in all areas not covered by a drive or walkway.

2. The use of brick or concrete pavers set on sand may be allowed in the front yard in addition to drives or walkways, with board approval based on the need and suitability of such pavement.
- (g) Driveways, sidewalks and off-street parking. Original driveways in the Historic District were probably unimproved or sidewalks were typically constructed of brick, cobblestones or small concrete pavers using two different colors laid at diagonals in an alternating fashion. Parking lots were not a common facility in the Historic District. The following regulations and guidelines apply to driveways, sidewalks and parking lots in the Historic District:
1. Driveways. Unless otherwise approved by the board, each building site shall be allowed one driveway, standard concrete ribbons, or access drive to a parking lot. No new driveways or access drives to parking lots may be permitted directly from Bayfront Parkway to any development where alternative access from the inland street grid is available.
 - a. Where asphalt or concrete is used as a driveway material, the use of an appropriate coloring agent is required.
 - b. From the street pavement edge to the building setback the only materials allowed shall be shell, brick, concrete pavers, colored asphalt and approved stamped concrete or #57 granite or marble chips.
 2. Sidewalks. Construction, repair and maintenance of sidewalks are all required on public rights-of-way within the district. Sidewalks shall be constructed of the following materials or combination of materials and approved by the board:
 - a. Brick pavers;
 - b. Concrete pavers;
 - c. Poured concrete stamped with an ornamental pattern and colored with a coloring agent;
 - d. A combination of concrete with brick or concrete paver bands along the edges of the sidewalk. This combination may also include transverse brick or concrete paver bands spaced at regular intervals.Walkways shall be provided from the street side sidewalk to the front entrance as approved by the board.
 3. Off-street parking. Off-street parking is not required in the HC-1 and HC-2 zoning districts. Because parking lots have not been a common land use in the district, their location is encouraged behind the structures which they serve.
 - a. Parking lots shall be screened from view of adjacent property and the street by fencing, landscaping or a combination of the two approved by the board.
 - b. Materials for parking lots shall be concrete, concrete or brick pavers, asphalt, oyster shells, clam shells or #57 granite or marble chips. Where asphalt or concrete are used, the use of a coloring agent is required. The use of acceptable stamped patterns on poured concrete is also encouraged.

- (h) Paint colors. The architectural review board has adopted palettes of historic colors from several paint manufacturers that represent acceptable historic colors for use in the Historic District. Samples of these palettes can be reviewed at the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board and at the office of the building inspector.
 - (i) Residential accessory structures. Residential accessory structures shall comply with regulations set forth in section 12-2-31 except that the following shall apply: Accessory structures shall not exceed one story in height for a maximum in height of twenty-five (25) feet in order for the accessory structure to match the style, roof pitch, or other design features of the main residential structure.
 - (j) Additional regulations. In addition to the regulations established above in subsections 12-2-10(A)(5)(a) through (i), any permitted use within the Historic District where alcoholic beverages are ordinarily sold is subject to the requirements of Chapter 7-4 of this Code.
- (6) *Restoration, rehabilitation, alterations or additions to existing contributing structures in the Historic District.* The document entitled "Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings," published by the United States Department of Interior in 1983, shall form the basis for rehabilitation of existing contributing structures. The following regulations and guidelines for specific building elements are intended to further refine some of the general recommendations found in the Department of Interior's document to reflect local conditions in the rehabilitation of structures. In the case of a conflict between the Department of Interior's publication and the regulations set forth herein, the more restrictive shall apply. The "Seville Historic District Guideline Study" describes the building styles that are typical in the Historic District. This definition of styles should be consulted to insure that the proper elements are used in combination in lieu of combining elements that, although they may be typical to the district, are not appropriate for use together on the same building.

For all of the following elements, the documented building materials, types, styles and construction methods shall be duplicated when making repairs, alterations and/or additions to contributing structures. Any variance from the original materials, styles, etc. shall be approved only if circumstances unique to each project are found to warrant such variances. The following regulations and guidelines shall apply to renovations, repairs and alterations to contributing structures which may or may not have documentary proof of the original elements and to alterations or additions to a contributing structure which seek to reflect the original elements.

- (a) Exterior lighting. Exterior lighting in the district in its original development typically consisted of post mounted street lights and building mounted lights adjacent to entryways. Occasionally, post lights were used adjacent to the entry sidewalks to buildings. Lamps were typically ornamental in design with glass lenses and were mounted on ornamental cast iron or wooden posts.
 - 1. Exterior lighting fixtures shall be in a design typical to the district in a pre-1925 Era. They shall be constructed of brass, copper, or painted steel and have clear lenses.

2. If exterior lighting is detached from the building, the fixtures shall be post mounted and used adjacent to sidewalk or driveway entrances or around parking lots. If post mounted lights are used, they shall not exceed twelve (12) feet in height.
 3. The light element itself shall be a true gas lamp or shall be electrically operated using incandescent or high pressure sodium lamps. Fluorescent and mercury vapor lamps are prohibited.
 4. The use of pole mounted high pressure sodium utility/security lights is discouraged. If absolutely necessary, they will be considered, but only in the rear portions of the property.
- (b) Exterior walls. The two (2) building materials basic to the Historic District are clapboard style wood siding and brick masonry, the former being most prevalent. In general, the wood siding is associated with the residential-type buildings and the brick masonry is associated with more commercially-oriented buildings. Brick is used in predominantly wooden structures only for foundation piers and for fireplaces and chimneys.
1. Vinyl or metal siding is prohibited.
 2. Wood siding and trim shall be finished with paint, utilizing colors approved by the board. If documentary evidence is submitted showing that the original structure was unpainted, the board may not require a paint finish unless the condition of the wood warrants its use.
 3. Foundation piers shall be exposed brick masonry or sand textured plaster over masonry. If infill between piers was original then it must be duplicated. It is encouraged that infill of wood lattice panels is utilized.
- (c) Roofs. The gable roof is the most typical in the Historic District. On shotgun house types or buildings placed on narrow deep lots the gable-end is usually oriented toward the street. On the creole type houses or buildings having larger street frontages the gable-end is typically oriented towards the side yard. Some hip roofs are found in newer, typically larger than average buildings. Dormers are found typically in association with the creole type houses. The roof slope is at least six (6) on twelve (12), but can be found to slope as much as twelve (12) on twelve (12). Roofing materials typically consisted of wood shingles, tin and corrugated metal panels.
1. The combination of varying roof styles or shapes on a single building is prohibited. The only exception to this is when a three-sided hip roof is used over a porch on the front of a gable roofed building.
 2. In order to protect the architectural integrity of the district and structure, roof materials original to each structure should be used. Alternatives to the materials may be considered on a case-by-case basis, but shall match the scale, texture, and coloration of the historic roofing material. Unless original to the structure, the following materials shall be prohibited: less than thirty (30) year fiberglass or asphalt dimensional shingles, rolled roofing, and metal shingles. Thirty (30) year or forty (40) year dimensional shingles may be permitted. Provided,

however, existing flat-roofed commercial structures may retain the same style roof and continue to use built-up or single-ply roofing.

3. Eave metal and flashing shall be naturally weathered copper or galvanized steel, or may be painted.
 4. Gutters and downspouts are discouraged within the district except on brick commercial buildings.
- (d) Porches. The porch, consisting of raised floor platform, sheltering roof, supporting columns, handrails and balustrade, and connecting steps is typical to wood structures in the district.
1. Porches are required in any renovation or alteration of a contributing structure which originally had a porch, and are encouraged as additions when the style of the building will allow it.
 2. The original materials, method of construction and style of building elements shall be duplicated when making repairs, alterations or additions to existing porches.
 3. The size and design of all porch elements, i.e., the flooring, the columns, the handrails, the pickets, the roof beam, the floor support piers, and any other ornamentation shall be consistent with any one single style that is typical to the district. The elements shall maintain proper historical scale, dimensions and detailing.
- (e) Doors. Entrance doors made up of a solid wood frame, with an infill of raised wood panels below and glazed panels above, are historically correct for the district. Single doorways with a glazed transom above allowed for both light and ventilation to enter the entrance way or entrance foyer of the building. Double doors were usually associated with a larger home or building layout.

The placement of the doorway was not necessarily in the center of the front wall; in fact it was usually off to one side in most cases, specifically in the shotgun house types. The larger creole cottage, and french creole house type, normally had the front door centered, leading to a center hallway or stair hall.

1. Doors are to be fabricated of solid wood, with three (3) horizontal rails and two (2) vertical stiles. The lower infill panels shall be constructed of wood and shall be located below the locking device with glazed panels located above the locking device. The top of the upper glazed panels can be semi-circular/half rounded. Beveled glass is encouraged.
 2. Panel infill may vary slightly from that noted in Item a. above, but usually shall not exceed six (6) panels. Variations must be approved by the architectural review board.
 3. Trim or casing shall be used on all doors and sidelights and shall typically range in width between 5" and 8".
- (f) Windows. Traditionally the windows employed in the Seville Historic District were constructed of wood and were the double hung or triple hung type. The windows

opening toward the front porch of the building usually were triple hung with the sill close to or almost flush with the adjacent floors. This allowed for optimum flow of air, and for passage to and from the exterior space. The other windows of the building had the normal placement of the window sill at approximately thirty (30) inches above finished floor. Typical windows ranged in width from thirty-two (32) to thirty-six (36) inches and ranged in height from six (6) to seven (7) feet exclusive of trim dimensions. The taller windows, when double hung, frequently had the lower section greater in vertical dimension than the upper section, giving freer movement through to the adjacent porch or veranda.

1. Windows are to be fabricated of wood and must, in the judgement of the architectural review board, closely approximate the scale and configuration of the original window designs.
 2. The window proportions/dimensions will be decidedly vertical, following the historic appearance and character of those encountered throughout the district.
 3. Window sections shall typically be divided into two (2) to six (6) panes, and in the usual double hung window, the layout of window panes will be six (6) over six (6). All windows shall have true divided lites. Any variation to this division of the window opening shall be approved by the architectural review board.
 4. The window frame will be given a paint finish appropriate to the color scheme of the exterior of the building.
 5. Window trim or casing is to be a nominal five (5) inch member at the two (2) sides and the head.
 6. Other than the full height windows at the front porch and smaller windows at kitchens and bathrooms, all remaining windows shall be proportioned with the height between two (2) and two and one-half (2½) times the width. The sill height for standard windows shall be approximately thirty (30) inches above finished floor.
 7. Glass for use in windows shall typically be clear, but a light tinted glass will be given consideration by the architectural review board.
- (g) Shutters. Shutters are an exterior ornamental and functional architectural feature that have traditionally been used on windows, and occasionally, on doors within the Historic District. On renovation projects to existing contributing structures, it is recommended that shutters not be installed unless they were original to the structure.
1. If shutters are to be used on a project, they must be dimensioned to the proper size so that they would completely cover the window both in width and height if they were closed.
 2. The shutters must be installed in a manner that will appear identical to an original operable installation. Shutters installed currently are not required to be operational, but rather can be fixed in place; however, they must be installed with some space between the back of the shutter and the exterior wall surface material and must overlap the door or window trim in a fashion identical to an original operable installation.

3. The style of the shutters must be louvered, flat vertical boards or panelled boards, with final determination being based on compatibility with the overall building design.

- (h) Chimneys. Chimneys constructed of brick masonry, exposed or cement plastered, are typical to original construction in the district.

The chimney in the Historic District is that necessary element usually serving back-to-back fireplaces, and as such, would not be located on the exterior wall of the building. Consequently, the appropriate location for chimneys would be projecting through some portion of the roof of the building, in lieu of being placed on an exterior wall.

1. The chimney or chimneys are to be located within the slope of the roof, rather than being placed on an exterior wall, and shall extend above the roof ridge line.
2. The chimney or chimneys are to be constructed of masonry with the exposed surface to be brick or sand textured plaster. Rough texture stucco is prohibited.
3. The finished exposed surface of chimneys are to be left natural without any paint finish.
4. Flashing shall consist of galvanized steel, copper sheet metal or painted aluminum.
5. The extent of simplicity or ornamentation shall be commensurate with the overall style and size of the building on which the chimney is constructed.
6. The use in contributing structures of prefabricated fireplaces with steel chimneys is prohibited.

- (i) Trim and miscellaneous ornament. Most trim, except for window and door casings/trim, was used more for decorative than functional purposes. Trim and ornament was almost always constructed of wood, and was painted to match other elements (doors, windows, porches, et cetera) of the building. Ornament on masonry buildings was typically limited to corbelling or other decorative use of brick at window openings, door openings, columns, parapet walls and on major facades above the windows and doors.

1. In renovation work, only that decorative trim or ornament historically significant to the specific building will be permitted.
2. The scale and profile/shape of existing ornament used within the district will dictate approval for all new proposals.
3. Trim and ornament, where used, is to be fabricated of wood.
4. Trim and ornament will be painted to match, or be coordinated with, door and window casings, porch railings, porch columns, and basic projecting elements of the building.

- (j) Miscellaneous mechanical equipment.

1. Air conditioning condensing units shall not be mounted on any roof where they are visible from any street.

2. Air conditioning condensing units that are mounted on the ground shall be in either side yards or rear yards. No equipment shall be installed in a front yard.
3. Visual screening consisting of ornamental fencing or landscaping shall be installed around all air conditioning condensing units to conceal them from view from any adjacent street or property owner.
4. Exhaust fans or other building penetrations as may be required by other authorities shall be allowed to penetrate the wall or the roof but only in locations where they can be concealed from view from any street. No penetrations shall be allowed on the front of the building. They may be allowed on side walls if they are properly screened. It is desirable that any penetrations occur on rear walls or the rear side of roofs.

(k) Accessibility ramps and outdoor stairs.

1. Whenever possible, accessibility ramps and outdoor stairways shall be located to the side or the rear of the property.
2. The design of accessibility ramps and outdoor stairs shall be consistent with the architectural style of the building.
3. Building elements, materials and construction methods shall be consistent with the existing structure.

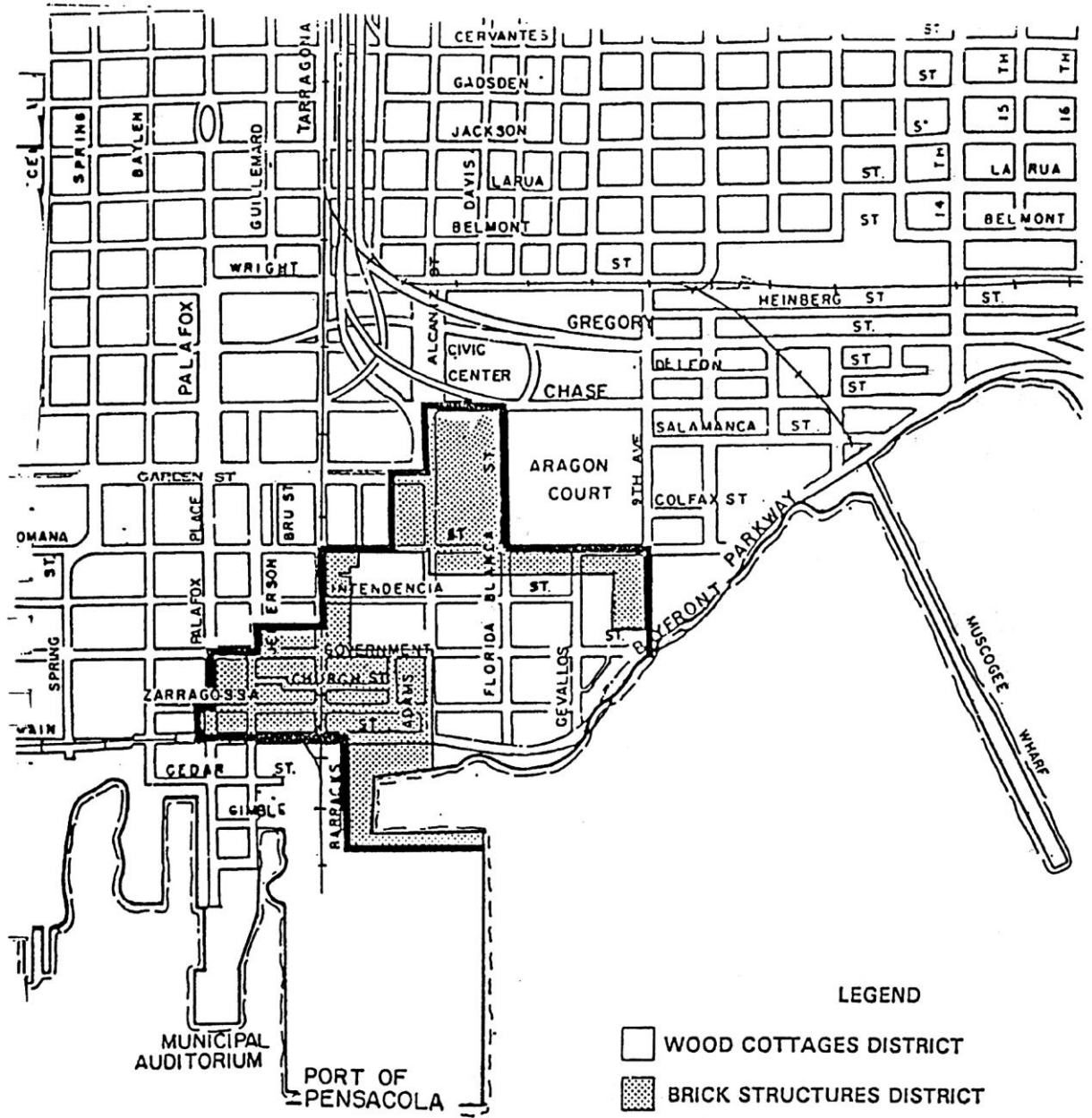
(7) *Renovation, alterations and additions to noncontributing and modern infill structures within the Historic District.* Many of the existing structures within the district do not meet the criteria established for contributing structures, even though they may be similar in style to the historic structures, and some structures are modern in style with no relation to the historic structures. All of these buildings shall be recognized as products of their own time. The regulations and guidelines established in paragraph (5), relating to streetscape elements, and paint colors described in paragraph (6)(c) shall apply to noncontributing and modern infill structures. In review of these structures the board may make recommendations as to the use of particular building elements which will improve both the appearance of the individual structure, its relationship with surrounding structures and the overall district character.

(8) *New construction in the Historic District.* This subsection does not intend to mandate construction of new buildings of historical design. New construction shall complement original historic buildings or shall be built in a manner which is complementary to the overall character of the district in scale, building materials, and colors.

For purposes of describing the scale and character required in new construction within the Historic District, the district is herein subdivided into two (2) general building style districts as shown on Map 12-2.1: the "residential" wood cottages district and the "commercial" brick structures district. Within the wood cottages district all new construction shall conform to the building types I and II, described herein, in scale, building materials and colors. Within the brick structures district all new construction shall conform to the building types I, II, or III (described herein) in scale, building materials and colors. The regulations for the two (2) building style districts will establish building heights and setbacks and will illustrate relationships between the streetscape, the building and exterior architectural elements of the building. The streetscape element

regulations established in paragraph (5), above, are applicable to all new construction in the Historic District, no matter what style building. If new construction is intended to match historical designs, then the building elements described in paragraphs (6)(a) to (l) should be utilized as guidelines. If it is to be a replica of a historic building, the building must be of a historic style characteristic of the Pensacola Historic District.

- (a) Figure 12-2.1 illustrates the scale and characteristics of building types I and II for the wood cottages district.
- (b) Figure 12-2.2 illustrates the scale and characteristics of building type III for the brick structures district.
- (c) Aragon subdivision Block "L" & "N" and lots within Privateer's Alley shall conform to Section 12-2-12(B)(5)(j), GRD-1 Architectural Review Standards, with the exception of section 12-2-12(B)(5)(j)5., Doors. Exterior doors shall comply with 12-2-10(A)(6)(e) of this section.

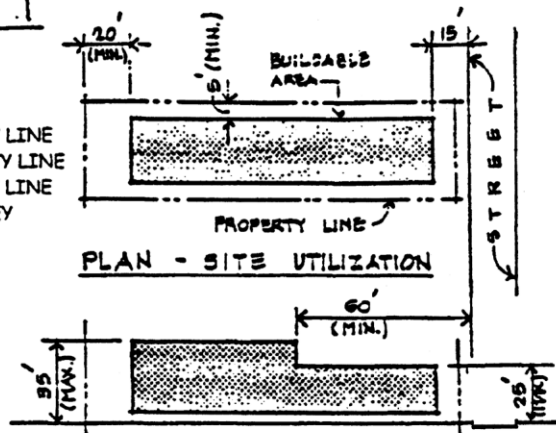


MAP 12-2.1—HISTORIC BUILDING STYLE DISTRICTS

STREET SCAPE - TYPE 1

SETBACKS - FRONT - 15' FROM STREET EDGE
 SIDE - 5' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 REAR - 20' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 5' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 ADJACENT TO AN ALLEY

HEIGHT - 1 1/2 STORY (25' MAX.)
 2 1/2 STORY (35' MAX.)



ELEVATION - SITE UTILIZATION

SECTION - SITE UTILIZATION

*ITEM	DIMENSION	MATERIAL	REMARKS
A - WALK	6'-0"	12" SQ. CONC.	PAVER UNITS
B - YARD	9'-0"	GRASS	LANDSCAPING
C - PORCH	8'-0"	1x WOOD	TONGUE & GROOVE
D - FOUNDATION	2'-8"	BRICK PIERS	WOOD LATTICE IN-FILL
E - RAIL	2'-8"	WOOD	
F - COLUMNS	9'-0"	WOOD	
G - ROOF RIDGE	10'-8"	WOOD	
H - ROOF RIDGE	10'-0"	WOOD	

*SEE CHAPTER 3 & 4 FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS DESCRIPTION.

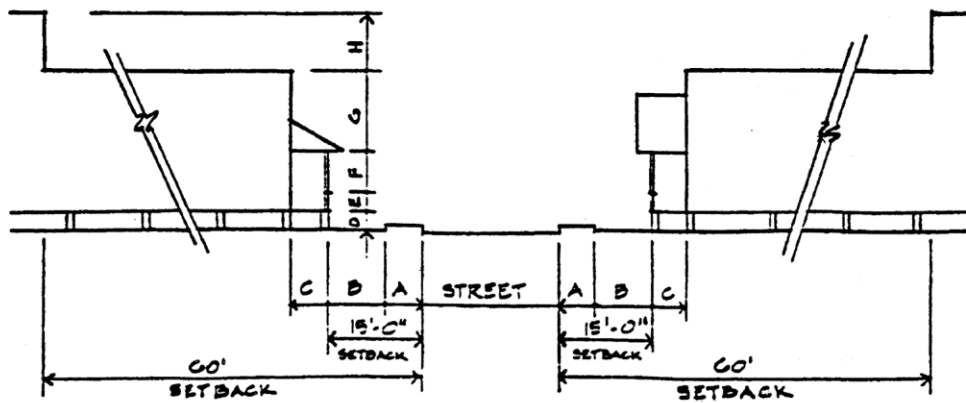


FIGURE 12-2.1—WOOD COTTAGES DISTRICT—Streetscape, Type 1

STREETSCAPE - TYPE 1

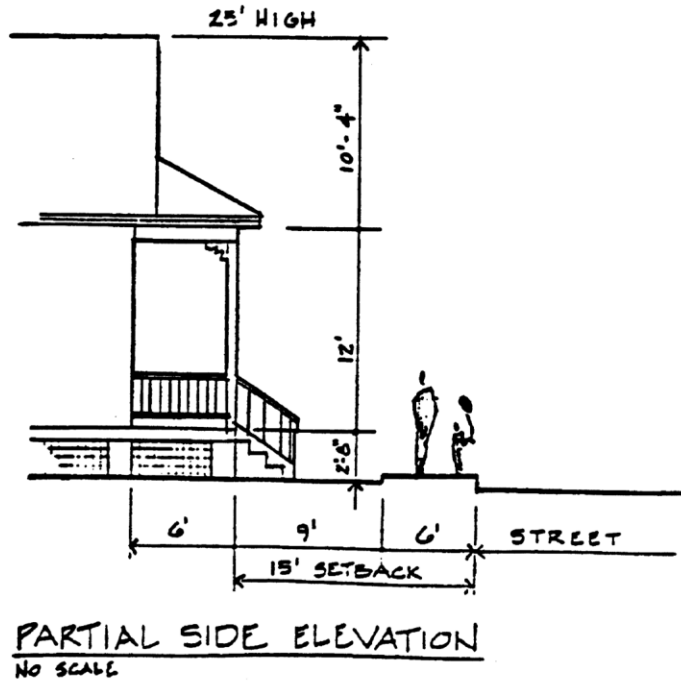
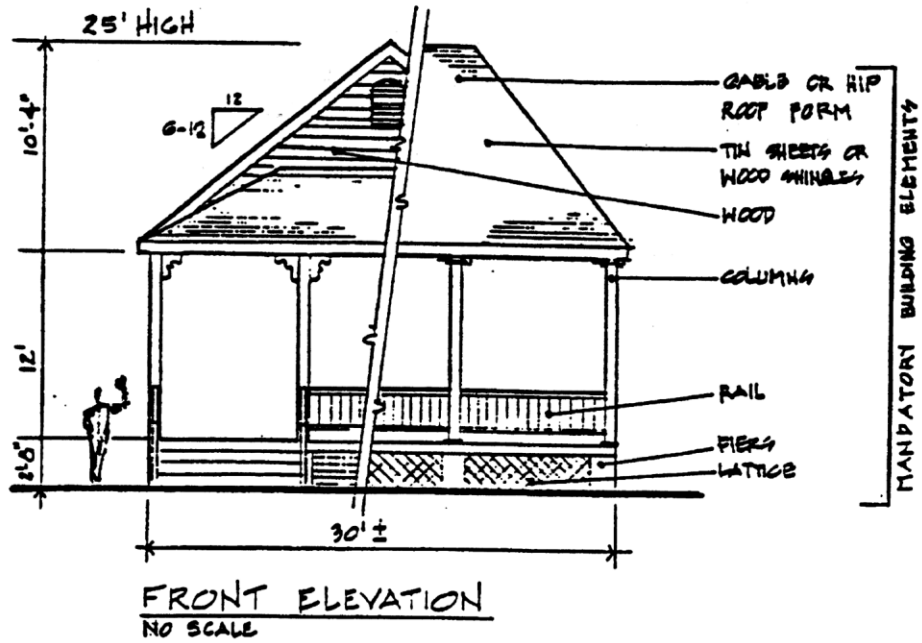
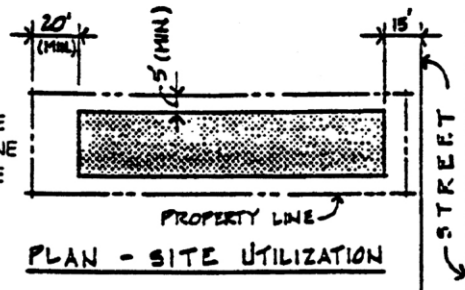


FIGURE 12-2.1—WOOD COTTAGES DISTRICT—Streetscape, Type 1

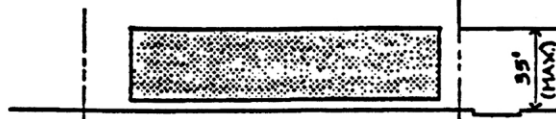
STREETSCAPE - TYPE 2

SETBACKS - FRONT - 15' FROM STREET EDGE
 SIDE - 5' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 REAR - 20' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 5' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 ADJACENT TO AN ALLEY

HEIGHT - 2 1/2 STORY (35' MAX.)



ELEVATION - SITE UTILIZATION



SECTION - SITE UTILIZATION

ITEM #	DIMENSION	MATERIAL	REMARKS
A - WALK	4'-0"	12" SQ. CONC.	PAVER UNITS
B - YARD	11'-0"	GRASS	LANDSCAPING
C - PORCH	8'-0"	1x WOOD	TONGUE & GROOVE
D - FOUNDATION	1'-4"	BRICK PIERS	
E - RAIL	2'-6"	WOOD	
F - COLUMNS	8'-0"	WOOD	
G - PORCH	1'-0"	WOOD	
H - RAIL	2'-6"	WOOD	
I - COLUMNS	6'-0"	WOOD	
J - ROOF RIDGE	10'-0"	WOOD	
			# SEE CHAPTER 3 & 4 FOR HISTORICAL BUILDING ELEMENT DESCRIPTIONS.

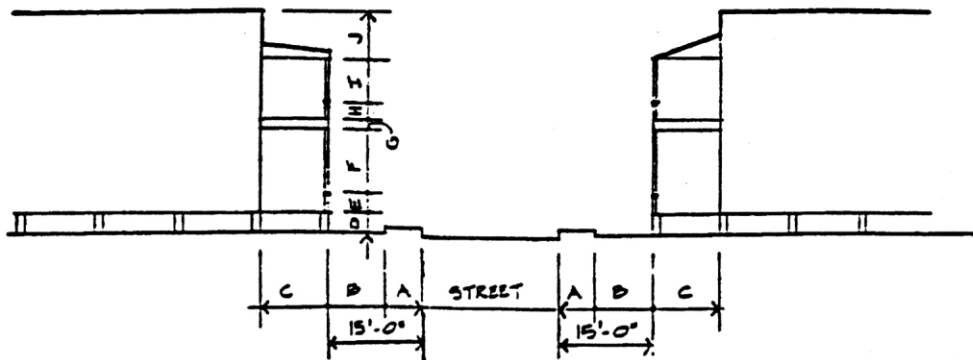


FIGURE 12-2.1—WOOD COTTAGES DISTRICT—Streetscape, Type 2

STREETSCAPE - TYPE 2

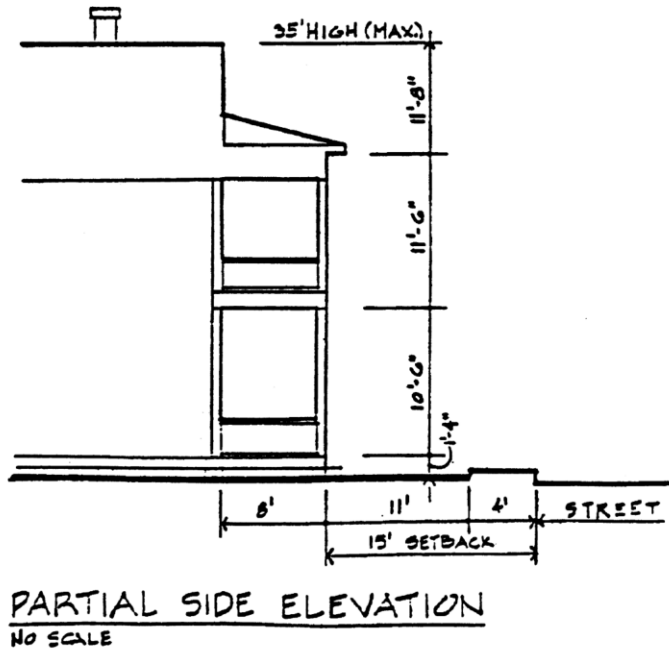
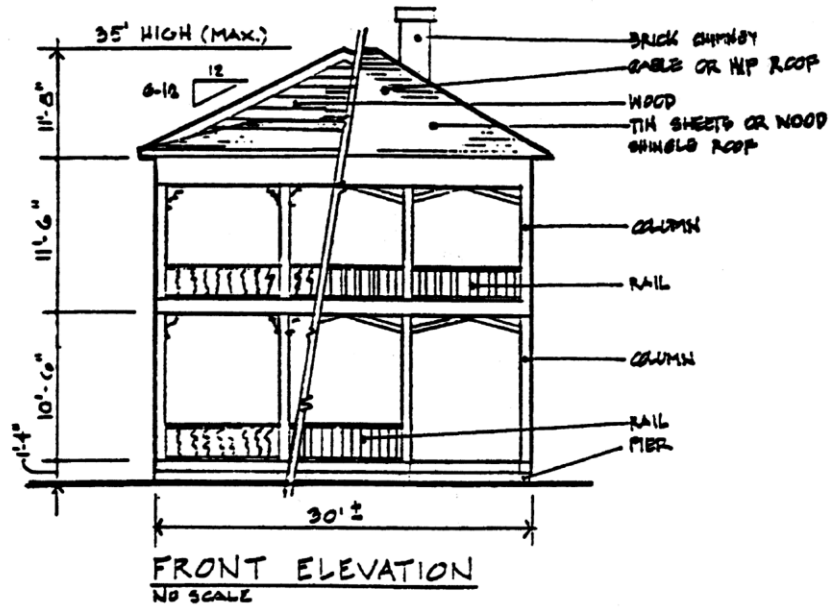
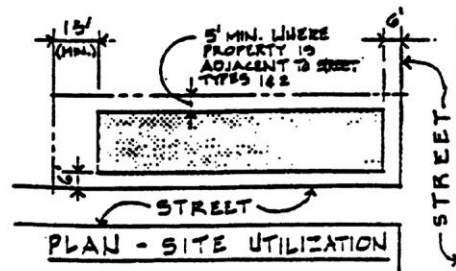


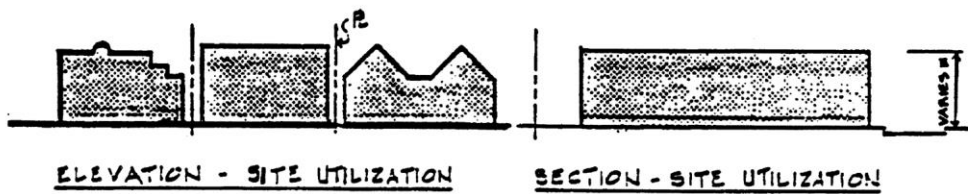
FIGURE 12-2.1—WOOD COTTAGES DISTRICT—Streetscape, Type 2

STREETSCAPE - TYPE 3

- SETBACKS - FRONT - 6' FROM STREET EDGE
 SIDE - 5' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 0' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 FOR LOTS WITHIN ARAGON
 S/D PRIVATEER'S ALLEY
 REAR - 15' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 5' MIN. FROM PROPERTY LINE
 ADJACENT TO AN ALLEY OR
 WITHIN ARAGON S/D PRIVATEER'S
 ALLEY



*HEIGHT - BUILDING HEIGHT SHALL BE LIMITED TO
 THE ADJACENT LOT'S STREETSCAPE TYPE.



ITEM	DIMENSION	MATERIAL	REMARKS
A - WALK B - ROOF RIDGE OR PARAPET	6'-0" •	12" SQ. CONC. BRICK	PAVER UNITS SEE HEIGHT LIMIT, ABOVE ARAGON S/D BLK "L" & "N" AND LOTS WITHIN PRIVATEER'S ALLEY SHALL CONFORM TO SECTION 12-2-12(B)(5)(j), GRD-1 ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW STANDARDS WITH THE EXCEPTION OF SEC. 12-2- 12(B)(5)(j)5., DOORS. EXTERIOR DOORS SHALL COMPLY WITH 12-2-10(A)(6)(e) OF THIS SECTION.

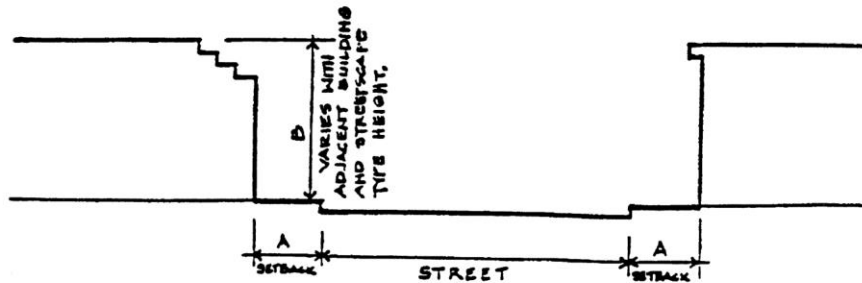
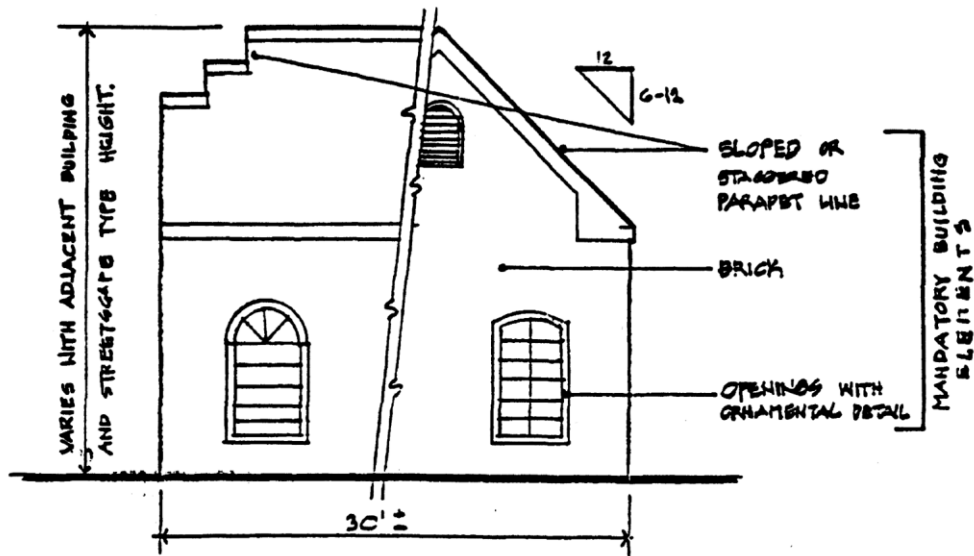


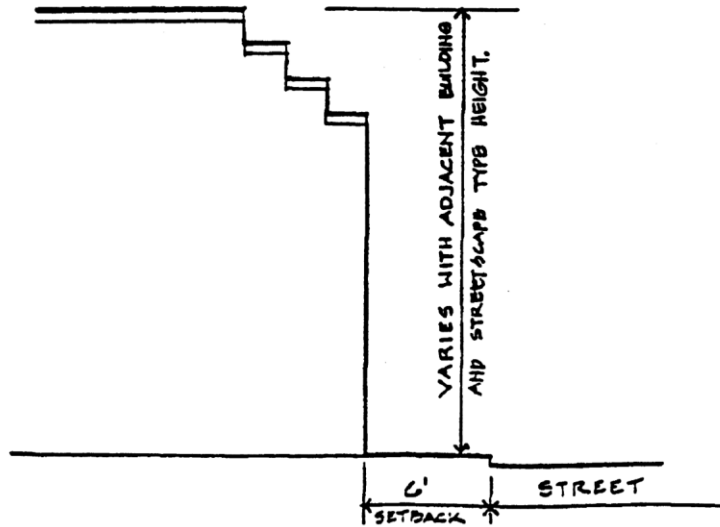
FIGURE 12-2.2—BRICK STRUCTURES DISTRICT—Streetscape, Type 3

STREETSCAPE - TYPE 3



FRONT ELEVATION

NO SCALE



PARTIAL SIDE ELEVATION

NO SCALE

FIGURE 12-2.2—BRICK STRUCTURES DISTRICT—Streetscape, Type 3

- (9) *Demolition of contributing structures.* Demolition of a contributing structure constitutes an irreplaceable loss to the quality and character of the Historic District and is strongly discouraged. Therefore, no permit shall be issued for demolition of a contributing structure unless the owner demonstrates to the board clear and convincing evidence of

unreasonable hardship. Provided, however, nothing herein shall prohibit the demolition of a contributing structure if the building official determines that there is no reasonable alternative to demolition in order to bring the structure in compliance with the unsafe building code. When the owner fails to prove unreasonable economic hardship the applicant may provide to the board additional information which may show unusual and compelling circumstances in order to receive board recommendation for demolition of the contributing structure.

The board shall be guided in its decision by balancing the historic, architectural, cultural and/or archaeological value of the particular structure against the special merit of the proposed replacement project.

(a) Unreasonable economic hardship. When a claim of unreasonable economic hardship is made, the public benefits obtained from retaining the historic resource must be analyzed and duly considered by the board. The owner shall submit to the board for its recommendation the following information:

1. For all property:

- a. The assessed value of the land and improvements thereon according to the two (2) most recent assessments;
- b. Real estate taxes for the previous two (2) years;
- c. The date of purchase of the property or other means of acquisition of title, such as by gift or inheritance, and the party from whom purchased or otherwise acquired;
- d. Annual debt service, if any, for the previous two (2) years;
- e. All appraisals obtained within the previous two (2) years by the owner or applicant in connection with his purchase, financing or ownership of the property;
- f. Any listing of the property for sale or rent, price asked and offers received, if any;
- g. Any consideration by the owner as to profitable adaptive uses for the property;
- h. Replacement construction plans for the contributing structure in question;
- i. Financial proof of the ability to complete the replacement project which may include but not be limited to a performance bond, a letter of credit, a trust for completion of improvements, or a letter of commitment from a financial institution; and
- j. The current fair market value of the property, as determined by at least two (2) independent appraisals made by appraisers with competent credentials.

2. For income-producing property:

- a. Annual gross income from the property for the previous two (2) years;

- b. Itemized operating and maintenance expenses for the previous two (2) years, including proof that adequate and competent management procedures were followed;
- c. Annual cash flow, if any, for the previous two (2) years; and
- d. Proof that efforts have been made by the owner to obtain a reasonable return on his investment based on previous service.

The applicant shall submit all necessary materials to the board at least fifteen (15) days prior to the board hearing in order that staff may review and comment and/or consult on the case. Staff and/or professional comments shall be forwarded to the board for consideration and review and made available to the applicant for consideration prior to the hearing.

The board may require that an applicant furnish such additional information that is relevant to its determination of unreasonable economic hardship and may require that such additional information be furnished under seal. The board or its agent may also furnish additional information as the board believes is relevant. The board shall also state which form of financial proof it deems relevant and necessary to a particular case.

In the event that any of the required information is not reasonably available to the applicant and cannot be obtained by the applicant, the applicant shall file with his affidavit a statement of the information which cannot be obtained and shall describe the reasons why such information cannot be obtained.

- (b) Unusual and compelling circumstances and demolition of a contributing structure. When an applicant fails to prove economic hardship in the case of a contributing structure, the applicant may provide to the board additional information which may show unusual and compelling circumstances in order to receive board recommendation for demolition of the contributing structure. The board, using criteria set forth in this subsection, shall determine whether unusual and compelling circumstances exist and shall be guided in its recommendation in such instances by the following additional considerations:
 1. The historic or architectural significance of the structure;
 2. The importance of the structure to the integrity of the Historic District;
 3. The difficulty or the impossibility of reproducing such a structure because of its design, texture, material, detail, or unique location;
 4. Whether the structure is one of the last remaining examples of its kind in the Historic District;
 5. Whether there are definite plans for reuse of the property if the proposed demolition is carried out and what effect such plans will have on the architectural, cultural, historical, archaeological, social, aesthetic, or environmental character of the surrounding area, as well as the economic impact of the new development; and

6. Whether reasonable measures can be taken to save the structure from further deterioration, collapse, arson, vandalism or neglect.
- (c) Recommendation of demolition. Should the applicant for demolition of a contributing structure satisfy the board that he will suffer an economic hardship if a demolition permit is not recommended, or, if in failing to demonstrate economic hardship, the applicant demonstrates unusual and compelling circumstances which dictate demolition of the contributing structure, either a recommendation for demolition or a recommendation for a six-month moratorium on the demolition shall be made.

In the event that the board recommends a six-month moratorium on the demolition, within the moratorium period, the board shall consult with the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board, the city of Pensacola and any other applicable public or private agencies to ascertain whether any of these agencies or corporations can preserve or cause to be preserved such architectural or historically valuable buildings. If no agencies or organizations are prepared to preserve the building(s) or cause their preservation, then the board shall recommend approval of the demolition.

Following recommendation for approval of demolition, the applicant must seek approval of replacement plans prior to receiving a demolition permit and other building permits. Replacement plans for this purpose shall include, but shall not be restricted to, project concept, preliminary elevations and site plans, and adequate working drawings for at least the foundation plan which will enable the applicant to receive a permit for foundation construction. The board may waive the requirements for replacement plans under extreme, unusual and compelling circumstances or public safety purposes.

Applicants that have received a recommendation for demolition shall be permitted to receive such demolition permit without additional board action on demolition, following the board's recommendation of a permit for new construction.

- (d) Prevention of demolition by neglect.
1. All contributing structures within the Historic District shall be preserved against decay and deterioration and kept free from certain structural defects by the owner thereof or such other person or persons who may have legal custody and control thereof. The owner or other person having such legal custody and control shall repair such building, object, site, or structure if it is found to have any of the following defects:
 - a. Deteriorated or inadequate foundation. Defective or deteriorated flooring or floor supports or flooring or floor supports of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety;
 - b. Members of walls, partitions or other vertical supports that split, lean, list or buckle due to defective material or deterioration. Members of walls, partitions or other vertical supports that are of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety;
 - c. Members of ceilings, roofs, ceiling and roof supports or other horizontal members which sag, split, or buckle due to defective materials or

deterioration. Members of ceilings, roofs, ceiling and roof supports or other horizontal members that are of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety;

- d. Fireplaces or chimneys which list, bulge or settle due to defective materials or deterioration. Fireplaces or chimneys which are of insufficient size or strength to carry imposed loads with safety;
- e. Deteriorated or ineffective waterproofing of exterior walls, roofs, foundations or floors, including broken windows or doors. Defective protection or lack of weather protection for exterior wall coverings, including lack of paint, or weathering due to lack of paint or other protective covering. Any fault or defect in the building which renders same structurally unsafe or not properly watertight.

In addition, the owner or other person having legal custody and control of an historic landmark or a building, object, site, or structure located in an historic district shall keep all property, including vacant property, clear of all weeds, fallen trees or limbs, debris, abandoned vehicles, and all other refuse.

- 2. The board, on its own initiative, may file a petition with the building official requesting that he proceed to require correction of defects or repairs to any structure covered by a. above so that such structure shall be preserved and protected in accordance with the purposes of this ordinance and the public safety and housing ordinance.

(10) *Other demolition permits.* All applications for permits to demolish structures other than contributing structures shall be referred to the board for the purpose of determining whether or not the structure may have historical, cultural, architectural, or archaeological significance. Such determination shall be made in accordance with the criteria found in paragraph (9)(b)1. to 6., above.

The board shall make such determination within thirty (30) days after receipt of the completed application and shall notify the building official in writing. If the structure is determined to have no cultural, historical, architectural, or archaeological significance, a demolition permit may be issued immediately, provided such application otherwise complies with the provisions of all city code requirements.

If said structure is determined by the board to have historical significance, the board shall make such information available to the Preservation Board for review and recommendation as to significance. If the board concurs in the significance, using criteria set forth in paragraph (9)(b)1. to 6., above, the board shall recommend to the city council that the structure be designated a contributing structure.

Upon such a recommendation by the board, issuance of any permit shall be governed by paragraph (9)(c), above.

(11) *Treatment of site following demolition.* Following the demolition or removal of any buildings, objects or structures located in the Historic District, the owner or other person having legal custody and control thereof shall (1) remove all traces of previous construction, including foundation, (2) grade, level, sod and/or seed the lot to prevent erosion and improve drainage, and (3) repair at his own expense any damage to public

rights-of-way, including sidewalks, curb and streets, that may have occurred in the course of removing the building, object, or structure and its appurtenances.

(B) *North Hill preservation zoning districts. PR-1AAA, PR-2, PC-1.*

- (1) *Purpose.* The North Hill preservation zoning districts are established to preserve the unique architecture and landscape character of the North Hill area, and to promote orderly redevelopment which complements and enhances the architecture of this area of the city.
- (2) *Character of the district.* The North Hill Preservation District is characterized by mostly residential structures built between 1870 and the 1930's. Queen Anne, Neoclassical, Tudor Revival, Craftsman Bungalow, Art Moderne and Mediterranean Revival are among the architectural styles found in North Hill. North Hill is listed on the National Register of Historic Places.
- (3) *Uses permitted.*
 - (a) PR-1AAA, single-family district.
 1. Single-family dwellings at a maximum density of 4.8 units per acre.
 2. Home occupations, as regulated in section 12-2-33.
 3. Community residential homes licensed by the Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with six (6) or fewer residents providing that it is not to be located within one thousand (1,000) feet of another such home. If it is proposed to be within one thousand (1,000) feet of another such home, measured from property line to property line, it shall be permitted with city council approval after public notification of property owners in a five-hundred-foot radius.
 4. Municipally owned or operated parks or playgrounds.
 5. Public schools and educational institutions having a curriculum the same as ordinarily given in public schools and colleges.
 6. Libraries, community centers and buildings used exclusively by the federal, state, regional, county and city government for public purposes.
 7. Churches, Sunday school buildings and parish houses.
 8. Conditional uses permitted: Two-family dwellings (duplex) at a maximum density of 9.6 units per acre.
 9. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to the above uses not involving the conduct of a business.
 10. Family day care homes licensed by the Florida Department of Children and Family Services as defined in the Florida Statutes.
 - (b) PR-2, multiple-family district.
 1. Any use permitted in the PR-1AAA district.
 2. Single-family, two-family and multifamily residential attached or detached units with a maximum density of thirty-five (35) dwelling units per acre.

3. Community residential homes licensed by the Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with seven (7) to fourteen (14) residents providing that it is not to be located within one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another such home in a multifamily district, and that the home is not within five hundred (500) feet of a single-family zoning district. If it is proposed to be within one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another such home in a multifamily district and/or within five hundred (500) feet of a single-family zoning district it shall be permitted with city council approval after public notification of property owners in a five-hundred-foot radius.
 4. Bed and breakfast subject to regulations in section 12-2-55.
 5. Conditional uses permitted:
 - a. Private clubs and lodges except those operated primarily as commercial enterprises.
 - b. Office buildings (under five thousand (5,000) square feet).
 - c. Antique shops—No outside displays.
 - d. Art galleries—No outside displays.
 - e. Social services homes/centers.
 - f. Boarding and lodging houses.
 - g. Childcare facilities subject to regulations in section 12-2-58.
 6. Accessory buildings. Buildings and uses customarily incidental to any of the above uses, including storage garages when located on the same lot not involving the conduct of a business.
- (c) PC-1, preservation commercial district.
1. Any use permitted in the PR-2 district, including conditional uses.
 2. Hand craft shops for custom work or making custom items not involving unreasonable noise, odor or chemical waste.
 3. Office buildings (under seven thousand (7,000) square feet).
 4. Barbershops and beauty parlors.
 5. Florists.
 6. Studios.
 7. Vending machines when an accessory to a business establishment and located inside the same building as the business.
 8. Conditional uses permitted:
 - a. Gas stations.
 - b. Other retail shops.
 - c. Office buildings (over seven thousand (7,000) square feet).

d. Restaurants, with the exception of drive-in restaurants.

9. Accessory buildings and uses customarily incidental to the above uses.

(4) *Procedure for review.*

(a) Review and approval. All activities regulated by this subsection shall be subject to review and approval by the architectural review board as established in section 12-13-3. The board shall adopt written rules and procedures for abbreviated review for paint colors, minor repairs and minor deviations in projects already approved by the board. This process may authorize the board to designate one of its members to undertake such abbreviated review without the necessity for review by the entire board, provided, however such abbreviated review process shall require review by the staff of the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board. If agreement cannot be reached as it pertains to such request for abbreviated review by the board designee and Historic Pensacola Preservation Board staff, then the matter will be referred to the entire board for a decision.

(b) Decisions.

1. General consideration. The board shall consider plans for existing buildings based on their classification as contributing, non-contributing or modern infill as depicted on the map entitled "North Hill Preservation District" adopted herein, and shall review these plans based on regulations described herein for each of these building classifications. In their review of plans for both existing buildings and new construction, the board shall consider exterior design and appearance of the building, including the front, sides, rear and roof; materials, textures and colors; plot plans or site layout, including features such as walls, walks, terraces, off-street paved areas, plantings, accessory buildings, signs and other appurtenances; and relation of the building to immediate surroundings and to the district in which it is located or to be located. The term "exterior" shall be deemed to include all of the outer surfaces of the building and exterior site work, and is not restricted to those exteriors visible from a public street or place. The board shall consider requests for design materials, alterations or additions, construction methods, paint colors or any other elements regulated herein, which do not meet the regulations as established in this subsection, when documentary proof in the form of photographs, property surveys, indication of structural foundations, drawings, descriptive essays and similar evidence can be provided. The board shall not consider interior design or plan. The board shall not exercise any control over land use or construction standards such as are controlled by this chapter and Chapter 12-5.

2. Rules governing decisions. Before approving the plans for any proposed building located or to be located in a district, the board shall find:

a. In the case of a proposed alteration or addition to an existing building, that such alteration or addition will not impair the architectural or historic value of the building.

b. In the case of a proposed new building, that such building will not, in itself or by reason of its location on the site, impair the architectural or historic

value of buildings on adjacent sites or in the immediate vicinity. No plans for new building will be approved if that building will be injurious to the general visual character of the district in which it is to be located considering visual compatibility standards such as height, proportion, shape, scale, style, materials and colors.

3. No provision of this section shall be interpreted to prevent the restoration or reconstruction of any historic building or feature (as listed by the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board) in its original style, dimensions or position on its original structural foundation.
- (c) Plan submission. Every application for a building permit to erect, construct, demolish, renovate or alter an exterior of a building, sign or exterior site work (i.e., paving and landscaping), located or to be located in the North Hill Preservation District, shall be accompanied with plans for the proposed work pursuant to subsections 12-2-10(A)(4)(c) to (e), applicable to the Historic District.
- (5) *Regulations and guidelines for any development within the preservation district.* These regulations and guidelines are intended to address the design and construction of elements common to any development within the North Hill preservation district which requires review and approval by the architectural review board. Regulations and guidelines which relate specifically to new construction and/or structural rehabilitation and repair to existing buildings, applicable to building heights, setbacks, architectural elements and construction types, are established in paragraphs (6) through (8) below.
- (a) Off-street parking. All development within the North Hill preservation district shall comply with the regulations established in Chapter 12-3. Parking lots shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 12-6. Design of and paving materials for parking lots, spaces and driveways shall be subject to approval of the architectural review board. For all parking lots, a solid wall, fence or compact hedge not less than four (4) feet high shall be erected along the lot line(s) when autos or lots are visible from the street or from an adjacent residential lot.
 - (b) Signs. Refer to sections 12-4-2 and 12-4-3 for general sign standards and criteria and for a description of sign area calculations. The location, design and materials of all accessory signs, historical markers and other signs of general public interest shall be subject to the review and approval of the architectural review board. Only the following signs shall be permitted in the North Hill preservation district:
 1. Temporary accessory signs.
 - a. One (1) non-illuminated sign advertising the sale, lease or rental of the lot or building, said sign not exceeding six (6) square feet of area.
 - b. One (1) non-illuminated sign not more than fifty (50) square feet in area in connection with new construction work, and displayed only during such time as the actual construction work is in progress.
 2. Permanent accessory signs.
 - a. One (1) sign per street frontage for churches, schools, boarding and lodging houses, libraries, and community centers, multiple-family dwellings and

historic sites serving as identification and/or bulletin boards not to exceed twelve (12) square feet in area. The signs shall be placed flat against the wall of the building, perpendicular or may be freestanding. Such signs may be illuminated provided that the source of light shall not be visible beyond the property line of the lot on which the sign is located.

- b. Commercial establishments may have one (1) attached or one (1) freestanding sign per street frontage not to exceed twelve (12) square feet provided that the freestanding sign be no closer to any property line than five (5) feet. The attached or wall signs may be placed on the front or one side of the building. As used herein, "commercial establishments" shall mean an establishment wherein products are available for purchase. Such signs may be illuminated provided the source of light shall not be visible beyond the property line of the lot on which the sign is located. Office complexes may have one freestanding sign per street frontage not to exceed twelve (12) square feet.
 - c. One (1) non-illuminated nameplate designating the name of the occupant of the property; the nameplate shall not be larger than one hundred (100) square inches and may be attached to the dwelling. This section shall be applicable to occupants and home occupations.
 - d. Municipal or state installed directional signs, historical markers and other signs of a general public interest when approved by the mayor and board.
 - e. The maximum height for freestanding signs shall be eight (8) feet. No attached sign shall extend above the eave line of a building to which it is attached.
- (c) Protection of trees. The purpose of this subsection is to establish protective regulations for specified trees within the North Hill preservation zoning districts. It is the intent of this subsection to recognize the contribution of shade trees and certain flowering trees to the overall character of the preservation district and to ensure the preservation of such trees as described below.
1. Any of the following species having a minimum trunk diameter of eight (8) inches (twenty-five and one-tenth (25.1) inches in circumference) at a height of one (1) foot above grade: Live Oak and Water Oak; Magnolia having a minimum trunk diameter of six (6) inches (eighteen and eight-tenths (18.8) inches in circumference) at a height of one (1) foot above grade; and any of the following flowering trees with a minimum trunk diameter of four (4) inches (twelve and fifty-five one hundredths (12.55) inches in circumference) at a height of one (1) foot above grade: Redbud, Dogwood, and Crape myrtle.
 2. Tree removal: No person, organization, society, association or corporation, or any agent or representative thereof, directly or indirectly, shall cut down, destroy, remove, or effectively destroy through damaging, any specimen tree, whether it be on private property or right-of-way within the defined limits of the preservation district of the city, without first having obtained a permit from the

department of leisure services to do so. Refer to section 12-6-7 for application procedures and guidelines for a tree removal permit.

3. In addition to the specific tree preservation provisions outlined in this subsection, the provisions of Chapter 12-6 shall be applicable in this district.
 - (d) Fences. All developments in the North Hill preservation zoning districts shall comply with fence regulations as established in section 12-2-40. Fences are subject to approval by the architectural review board. Approved materials will include but not necessarily be limited to wood, brick, stone or wrought iron. No concrete block or barbed-wire will be permitted. Chain-link fences shall be permitted in side and rear yard only with board approval.
 - (e) Paint colors. The architectural review board has adopted palettes of historic colors from several paint manufacturers that represent acceptable historic colors for use in the Preservation District. Samples of these palettes can be reviewed at the Historic Pensacola Preservation Board and at the office of the building inspector.
 - (f) Residential accessory structures. Residential accessory structures shall comply with regulations set forth in section 12-2-31 except that the following shall apply: Accessory structures shall not exceed one story in height for a maximum in height of twenty-five (25) feet in order for the accessory structure to match the style, roof pitch, or other design features of the main residential structure.
 - (g) Additional regulations. In addition to the regulations established above in subsections 12-2-10(B)(5)(a) through (f), any permitted use within the North Hill preservation district where alcoholic beverages are ordinarily sold is subject to the requirements of chapter 7-4 of this Code.
- (6) *Restoration, rehabilitation, alterations or additions to existing contributing structures in the North Hill preservation district.* The document entitled "Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings," published by the United States Department of Interior in 1983, shall form the basis for rehabilitation of existing contributing buildings. The proper building elements should be used in combinations which are appropriate for use together on the same building.

Documented building materials, types, styles and construction methods shall be duplicated when making repairs, alterations and/or additions to contributing structures. Any variance from the original materials, styles, etc. shall be approved only if circumstances unique to each project are found to warrant such variances.

Regulations established in Table 12-2.9 shall apply to alterations and additions to contributing structures. The regulations and guidelines established in paragraph (5), relating to streetscape elements, shall apply to contributing structures.

- (7) *Renovation, alterations and additions to noncontributing and modern infill structures within the North Hill preservation district.* Many of the existing structures within the district do not meet the criteria established for "contributing" structures, even though they may be similar in style to the historic structures, and some structures are modern in style with no relation to the historic structures. All of these buildings shall be recognized as products of their own time. The regulations and guidelines established in paragraph (5), relating to streetscape elements, shall apply to noncontributing and modern infill

structures. Regulations established in Table 12-2.9 below, shall apply to alterations and additions to existing noncontributing structures. The architectural review board has adopted palettes of historic colors from several paint manufacturers that represent acceptable historic colors for use in the district. Only paint colors approved by the board shall be permitted.

In review of these structures the board may make recommendations as to the use of particular building elements which will improve both the appearance of the individual structure, its relationship with surrounding structures and the overall district character.

- (8) *Regulations for new construction and additions to existing structures in the North Hill preservation district.* New construction is encouraged to be built in a manner which is complementary to the overall character of the district in scale, building materials and colors. The regulations established in paragraph (5), relating to streetscape elements, shall apply to new construction. Table 12-2.9 describes height, area and yard requirements for new construction and, where applicable, for additions to existing structures in the North Hill preservation district.

TABLE 12-2.9
REGULATIONS FOR THE NORTH HILL PRESERVATION ZONING DISTRICTS

Standards	PR-1AAA	PR-2	PC-1
Minimum Yard Requirement (Minimum Building Setbacks)			
Front Yard	*30 feet	*15 feet	None 5' (for dwellings or wood frame structures only) 15'
Side Yard	9 feet	7.5 feet	
Rear Yard	30 feet	25 feet	
Minimum Lot Area for Residential Uses	9,000 s.f.	9,000 s.f. for single- family and 10,000 s.f. for multi- family	None
Minimum Lot Width at Street Row Line	50 feet	50 feet	None
Minimum Lot Width at Building Setback Line	75 feet	75 feet	None
Maximum Building Height (Except as Provided in Section 12-2-39)	35 feet	35 feet	45 feet
Minimum Floor Area	N/A	600 s.f. per dwelling unit for multi- family	None

* Front yard depths in the North Hill Preservation zoning district shall not be less than the average depths of the front yards located on the block, up to the minimum yard requirement; in case there are no other dwellings, the front yard depths shall be no less than the footages noted.

- (9) *Demolition of structures within the North Hill Preservation District.* The demolition provisions established in subsection 12-2-10(A)(9) to (11), applicable to contributing and noncontributing structures within the historic district, shall apply in the preservation district.

(C) *Old East Hill preservation zoning districts. OEHR-2, OEHC-1, OEHC-2 and OEHC-3.*

- (1) *Purpose.* The Old East Hill preservation zoning districts are established to preserve the existing residential and commercial development pattern and distinctive architectural character of the structures within the district. The regulations are intended to preserve, through the restoration of existing buildings and construction of compatible new buildings, the scale of the existing structures and the diversity of original architectural styles.

- (2) *Character of the district.* The Old East Hill neighborhood was developed over a fifty-year period, from 1870 to the 1920's. The architecture of the district is primarily vernacular, but there are also a few properties which display influences of the major architectural styles of the time, such as Craftsman, Mission and Queen Anne styles.

- (3) *Boundaries and zoning classifications.* The boundaries of the Old East Hill preservation district shall be identified as per a map and legal description, and the zoning classifications of properties within the district shall be identified as per a map, filed in the office of the city clerk.

- (4) *Uses permitted.*

(a) *OEHR-2, residential/office district.*

1. Single-family detached dwellings.
2. Single-family attached (townhouse or quadraplex type construction) and detached zero-lot-line dwellings. Development must comply with the minimum standards established for the R-ZL zoning district in section 12-2-5(A)(5).
3. Two-family attached dwellings (duplex).
4. Multiple-family attached dwellings (three or more dwelling units).
5. Community residential homes licensed by the Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with seven (7) to fourteen (14) residents providing that it is not to be located within one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another such home in a multi-family district, and that the home is not within five hundred (500) feet of a single-family zoning district. If it is proposed to be within one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet of another such home in a multi-family district and/or within five hundred (500) feet of a single family zoning district it shall be permitted with city council approval after public notification of property owners in a five hundred-foot radius

6. Home occupations subject to regulations in section 12-2-10(A)(3)(a)4.
 7. Bed and breakfast subject to regulations in section 12-2-55.
 8. Boarding and lodging houses.
 9. Office buildings.
 10. Studios.
 11. Municipally owned or operated parks or playgrounds.
 12. Public schools and educational institutions having a curriculum the same as ordinarily given in public schools and colleges subject to regulations in section 12-2-65.
 13. Libraries, community centers and buildings used exclusively by the federal, state, regional, county and city government for public purposes subject to regulations in section 12-2-61.
 14. Churches, Sunday school buildings and parish houses subject to regulations in section 12-2-57.
 15. Minor structures for the following utilities: unoccupied gas, water and sewer substations or pumpstations, electrical substations and telephone substations subject to regulations in section 12-2-59.
 16. Accessory structures, buildings and uses customarily incidental to the above uses subject to regulations in section 12-2-31, except that the following shall apply:
 - a. Accessory structures shall not exceed one-story in height for a maximum height of twenty-five (25) feet in order for the accessory structure to match the style, roof pitch, or other design features of the main residential structure.
 - b. The wall of an accessory structure shall not be located any closer than six (6) feet to the wall of the main residential structure.
 17. Family day care homes licensed by the Florida Department of Children and Family Services as defined in the Florida Statutes.
- (b) *OEHC-1, neighborhood commercial district.*
1. Any use permitted in the OEHR-2 district.
 2. Child care facilities subject to regulations in section 12-2-58.
 3. Nursing homes, rest homes, convalescent homes.
 4. Parking lots.
 5. The following uses, retail only, with no outside storage or work permitted, except as provided herein:
 - a. Food and drugstore.
 - b. Personal service shops.

- c. Clothing and fabric stores.
 - d. Home furnishing, hardware and appliance stores.
 - e. Craft and specialty shops.
 - f. Banks.
 - g. Bakeries.
 - h. Secondhand stores.
 - i. Floral shops.
 - j. Martial arts studios.
 - k. Outdoor sales of trees, shrubs, plants and related landscaping materials as an accessory to indoor retail sales uses permitted by this paragraph, provided that the area is enclosed within a fence attached to the rear or side of the main building, and provided that the outdoor area does not exceed twenty (20) percent of the total area of the main building.
 - l. Restaurants.
 - m. Mortuary and funeral parlors.
 - n. Pet shops with all uses inside the principal building.
 - o. Printing firms.
 - p. Business schools.
 - q. Upholstery shops.
6. Conditional uses permitted. Animal hospitals and veterinary clinics with fully enclosed kennels and no outside runs or exercise areas.

(c) *OEHC-2, retail commercial district.*

- 1. Any use permitted in the OEHC-1 district.
- 2. Open air sales of trees, plants and shrubs. The business shall include a permanent sales or office building (including restrooms) on the site.
- 3. Hospitals, clinics.
- 4. Private clubs and lodges, except those operated as commercial enterprises.
- 5. Electric motor repair and rebuilding.
- 6. Appliance repair shop.
- 7. Garages for the repair and overhauling of automobiles.
- 8. Sign shop.
- 9. Photo shop.
- 10. Plumbing and electrical shop.
- 11. Pest extermination services.

(d) *OEHC-3, commercial district.*

1. Any use permitted in the OEHC-2 district.
2. Dive shop.
3. Fitness center.
4. Theater, except for drive-in.
5. Taverns, lounges, nightclubs, cocktail bars.

(5) *Procedure for review of plans.*

(a) *Plan submission.* Every application for a building permit to erect, construct, demolish, renovate or alter an exterior of a building or sign, located or to be located in the Old East Hill Preservation District, shall be accompanied with plans as necessary to describe the scope of the proposed work pursuant to paragraph 12-2-10(A)(4)(c) to (e).

(b) *Review and approval.* All such plans shall be subject to review and approval by the architectural review board established in section 12-13-3. The board shall adopt written rules and procedures for abbreviated review for minor repairs and minor deviations in projects already approved by the board. This process may authorize the board to designate one of its members to undertake such abbreviated review by the entire board, provided, however, such abbreviated review process shall require review by the staff of West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc. If agreement cannot be reached as it pertains to such request for abbreviated review by the board designee and West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc. staff, then the matter will be referred to the entire board for a decision.

(c) *Decisions.*

1. *General consideration.* The board shall consider plans for existing buildings based on their classification as contributing, non-contributing or modern infill as depicted on the map entitled "Old East Hill Preservation District" adopted herein, and shall review these plans based on regulations described herein for each of these building classifications. In their review of plans for both existing buildings and new construction, the board shall consider exterior design and appearance of the building, including the front, sides, rear and roof; materials and textures; plot plans or site layout, including features such as walls, walks, terraces, off-street paved areas, plantings, accessory buildings, signs and other appurtenances; and relation of the building to immediate surroundings and to the district in which it is located or to be located. The term "exterior" shall be deemed to include all of the outer surfaces of the building and exterior site work, and is not restricted to those exteriors visible from a public street or place. The board shall consider requests for design materials, alterations or additions, construction methods or any other elements regulated herein, which do not meet the regulations as established in this subsection, when documentary proof in the form of photographs, property surveys, indication of structural foundations, drawings, descriptive essays and similar evidence can be provided. The board shall not consider interior design or plan. The board shall not exercise any

control over land use or construction standards such as are controlled by this chapter and chapter 7-13.

2. Rules governing decisions. Before approving the plans for any proposed building located or to be located in a district, the board shall find:
 - a. In the case of a proposed alteration or addition to an existing building, that such alteration or addition will not impair the architectural or historic value of the building.
 - b. In the case of a proposed new building, that such building will not, in itself or by reason of its location on the site, impair the architectural or historic value of buildings on adjacent sites or in the immediate vicinity. No plans for new building will be approved if that building will be injurious to the general visual character of the district in which it is to be located considering visual compatibility standards such as height, proportion, shape, scale, style and materials.
 3. No provision of this section shall be interpreted to prevent the restoration or reconstruction of any historic building or feature (as listed by West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc.) in its original style, dimensions or position on its original structural foundation.
 4. No provision of this section shall be interpreted to require a property owner to make modifications, repairs or improvements to property when the owner does not otherwise intend to make any modifications, repairs or improvements to the property, unless required by chapter 7-13.
- (6) *Regulations and guidelines for any development within the Old East Hill preservation district.* These regulations and guidelines are intended to address the design and construction of elements common to any development within the Old East Hill preservation district which requires review and approval by the architectural review board. Regulations and guidelines which relate specifically to new construction and/or structural rehabilitation and repair to existing buildings, applicable to building heights, setbacks, architectural elements and construction types, are established in paragraphs (6) through (8) below.
- (a) *Off-street parking.* Design of, and paving materials for, parking lots, spaces and driveways shall be subject to approval of the architectural review board. For all parking lots, a solid wall, fence or compact hedge not less than three (3) feet high shall be erected along the lot line(s) when automobiles or parking lots are visible from the street or from an adjacent residential lot.
 1. OEHR-2 district. All non-residential development shall comply with off-street parking requirements established in chapter 12-3.
 2. OEHC-1, OEHC-2 and OEHC-3 districts. All non-residential development shall comply with off-street parking requirements established in chapter 12-3. The required parking may be provided off-site by the owner/developer as specified in section 12-3-1(D).

- (b) *Landscaping.* Landscape area requirements and landscape requirements for parking lots within the OEHR-2, OEHC-1 and OEHC-2 districts shall comply with regulations established in section 12-6-3 for the R-2, C-1 and C-2 zoning districts.
- (c) *Signs.* Refer to sections 12-4-2 and 12-4-3 for general sign standards and criteria and for a description of sign area calculations. The location, design and materials of all accessory signs, historical markers and other signs of general public interest shall be subject to the review and approval of the architectural review board. Only the following signs shall be permitted in the Old East Hill preservation district:
 - 1. Temporary accessory signs.
 - a. One non-illuminated sign advertising the sale, lease or rental of the lot or building, said sign not exceeding six (6) square feet of area.
 - b. One non-illuminated sign not more than fifty (50) square feet in area in connection with new construction work, and displayed only during such time as the actual construction work is in progress.
 - 2. Permanent accessory signs.
 - a. North 9th Avenue, Wright Street, Alcaniz Street and Davis Street. For churches, schools, apartment buildings, boarding or lodging houses, libraries, community centers, commercial buildings (including office and retail buildings) or historic sites serving as identification and/or bulletin boards, one freestanding or projecting sign and one attached wall sign or combination of wall signs placed on the front or one side of the building not to exceed fifty (50) square feet in area. The signs may be painted on the building, mounted to the face of the wall of the building, hung from a bracket that is mounted to a wall of a building, hung from other ornamental elements on the building, or may be freestanding. Signs projecting from a building or extending over public property shall maintain a clear height of nine (9) feet, six (6) inches above the public property and shall not exceed a height of twelve (12) feet. Freestanding signs shall not exceed a height of twelve (12) feet.
 - b. All other streets in the district. One sign per lot per street frontage for churches, schools, apartment buildings, boarding or lodging houses, libraries, community centers, commercial buildings (including office and retail buildings) or historic sites serving as identification and/or bulletin boards not to exceed twelve (12) square feet in area and eight (8) feet in height, provided, however that signs projecting from a building or extending over public property shall maintain a clear height of nine (9) feet six (6) inches above the public property and shall not exceed a height of twelve (12) feet six (6) inches. The sign may be mounted to the face of the wall of the building, hung from a bracket that is mounted to a wall of a building, hung from other ornamental elements on the building, or may be freestanding. The sign may be illuminated provided that the source of light is not visible beyond the property line of the lot on which the sign is located.

- c. One non-illuminated nameplate designating the name of the occupant of the property; the nameplate shall not be larger than three (3) square feet and shall be attached to the dwelling. This section shall be applicable to occupants and home occupations.
 - d. Municipal or state installed directional signs, historical markers and other signs of a general public interest when approved by the board.
- (d) *Fences.* All developments in the Old East Hill preservation zoning districts shall comply with fence regulations as established in section 12-2-40. Fences are subject to approval by the architectural review board. Approved materials will include but not necessarily be limited to wood, brick, stone or wrought iron. No concrete block or barbed-wire fences will be permitted. Chain-link fences shall be permitted in side and rear yard only.
- (e) *Additional regulations.* In addition to the regulations established above in subsections 12-2-10(C)(6)(a) through (d), any permitted use within the Old East Hill preservation district where alcoholic beverages are ordinarily sold is subject to the requirements of Chapter 7-4 of this Code.
- (7) *Restoration, rehabilitation, alterations or additions to existing contributing structures in the Old East Hill preservation district.* The document entitled "Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings," published by the United States Department of Interior in 1983, shall form the basis for rehabilitation of existing contributing buildings. The proper building elements should be used in combinations which are appropriate for use together on the same building. Documented building materials, types, styles and construction methods shall be duplicated when making repairs, alterations and/or additions to contributing structures. Any variance from the original materials, styles, etc. shall be approved only if circumstances unique to each project are found to warrant such variances.

The regulations established in paragraph (6), relating to streetscape elements, shall apply to contributing structures. Regulations established in Table 12-2.10 shall apply to alterations and additions to contributing structures.

- (8) *Renovation, alterations and additions to non-contributing and modern infill structures within the Old East Hill preservation district.* Many of the existing structures within the district do not meet the criteria established for contributing structures, even though they may be similar in style to the historic structures, and some structures are modern in style with no relation to the historic structures. All of these buildings shall be recognized as products of their own time. The regulations established in paragraph (6), relating to streetscape elements, shall apply to non-contributing and modern infill structures. Regulations established in Table 12-2.10 shall apply to alterations and additions to existing non-contributing structures.

In review of these structures the board may make recommendations as to the use of particular building elements which will improve both the appearance of the individual structure, its relationship with surrounding structures and the overall district character.

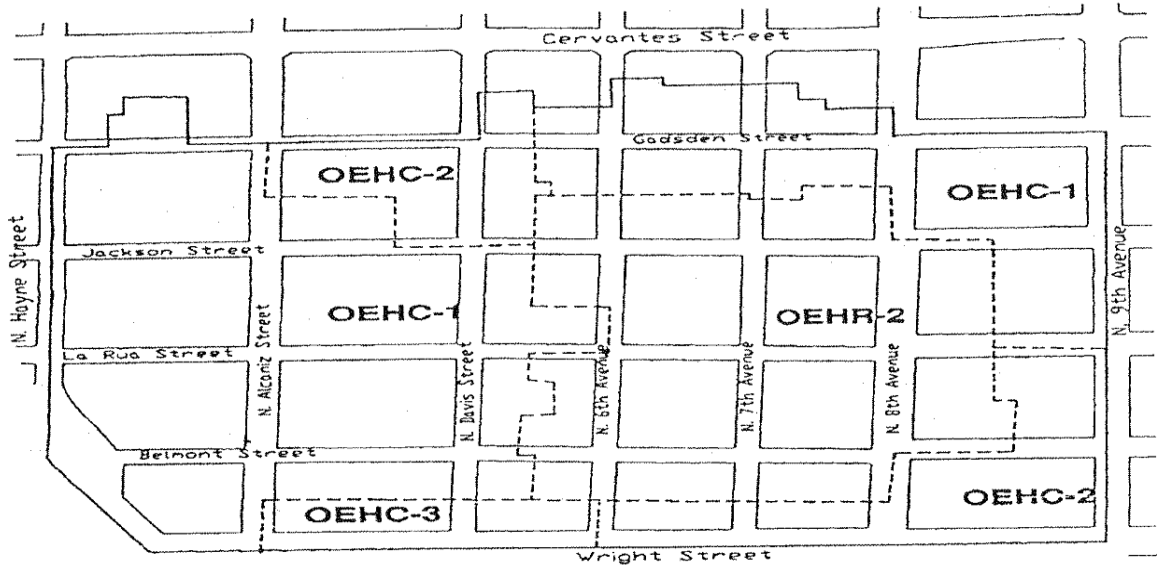
- (9) *Regulations for new construction in the Old East Hill preservation district.* New construction shall be built in a manner which is complementary to the overall character of the district in height, proportion, shape, scale, style and building materials. The regulations established in paragraph (6), relating to streetscape elements, shall apply to new construction. Table 12-2.10 describes height, area and yard requirements for new construction in the Old East Hill preservation district.
- (10) *Demolition of structures within the Old East Hill preservation district.* The demolition provisions established in section 12-2-10(A)(9) to (11), applicable to contributing and non-contributing structures within the Historic District, shall apply in the preservation district.

TABLE 12-2.10
REGULATIONS FOR OLD EAST HILL PRESERVATION ZONING DISTRICTS

Standards	OEHR-2	OEHC-1	OEHC-2	OEHC-3
Minimum Yard Requirement (Minimum Building Setbacks)				
Front Yard Side Yard Rear Yard	*15 feet 5 feet 15 feet	There shall be a 5' side yard setback, but no front or rear yard setbacks, unless this chapter requires a larger yard or buffer yard.		None
Minimum Lot Area For Residential Uses				
Single-family Detached Residential Duplex Residential Multi-family Residential	3,500 s.f. 5,000 s.f. 9,000 s.f.	None		
Minimum Lot Width at Street Row Line	30 feet	None		
Minimum Lot Width at Building Setback Line	30 feet	None		

Maximum Lot Coverage	N/A	The maximum combined area of all principal and accessory buildings shall not exceed 50% of the square footage of the lot.	None
Maximum Building Height (except as provided in section 12-2-39)	Residential buildings shall not exceed two (2) stories in height, with a usable attic. No building shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height, except that three (3) feet may be added to the height of the building for each foot the building is set back from the building setback or property lines to a maximum height of 45' with approval of the architectural review board.		
Minimum Floor Area For Multi-Family Developments	600 square feet per dwelling unit		
* Front yard depths in the Old East Hill preservation zoning district shall not be less than the average depths of all of the front yards facing the street on the block, up to the minimum yard requirement; in case there are no other dwellings, the front yard depth shall be no less than the footage noted.			

(Ord. No. 6-93, §§ 7, 8, 3-25-93; Ord. No. 17-93, § 1, 6-10-93; Ord. No. 29-93, §§ 7—12, 11-18-93; Ord. No. 32-93, §§ 1, 2, 12-16-93; Ord. No. 3-94, §§ 5, 6, 1-13-94; Ord. No. 11-94, § 2, 4-14-94; Ord. No. 9-96, §§ 5—8, 1-25-96; Ord. No. 35-97, §§ 1—3, 10-23-97; Ord. No. 40-99, §§ 6—9, 10-14-99; Ord. No. 44-99, § 1, 11-18-99; Ord. No. 13-00, § 1, 3-9-00; Ord. No. 50-00, §§ 1, 2, 10-26-00; Ord. No. 2-01, §§ 1—3, 1-11-01; Ord. No. 6-02, § 2, 1-24-02; Ord. No. 22-02, § 1, 9-26-02; Ord. No. 13-06, §§ 5—9, 4-27-06; Ord. No. 03-09, § 1, 1-8-09; Ord. No. 16-10, §§ 198, 199, 9-9-10)



Old East Hill Preservation District

SECTION 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

SECTION 3. If any word, phrase, clause, paragraph, section or provision of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid or unconstitutional, such finding shall not affect the other provision or applications of the ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid or unconstitutional provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are declared severable.

SECTION 4. This ordinance shall take effect on the fifth business day after adoption, unless otherwise provided pursuant to Section 4.03(d) of the City Charter of the City of Pensacola.

Adopted: _____

Approved: _____
President of City Council

Attest:

City Clerk